Docket No.: ZTP03P01360

## **CERTIFICATION**

I, the below named translator, hereby declare that: my name and post office address are as stated below; that I am knowledgeable in the English and German languages, and that I believe that the attached text is a true and complete translation of PCT/EP2005/050649, filed with the European Patent Office on February 15, 2005.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Electronic module and method for the production thereof

[001] The present invention relates to an electronic module

comprising at least one circuit carrier coated on both sides

with an electroconductive material and fitted with a first

and a second group of electronic components for forming a

group of electronic components for forming a user interface

computing and control module; the invention further relates

[002] Electronic components of the type specified initially

known from circuit board insertion technology. In this case,

fabricating the corresponding electronic module is extremely

frequency properties as well as the fabrication method to be

dishwashers, refrigerators/freezers and cookers, for example,

a printed circuit board coated on both sides and fitted on

prepared through-contacts. For this reason, the relatively

side are usually used at the present time. Those printed

inexpensive CEM1 or CEM3 printed circuit boards coated on one

and corresponding methods for producing such a module are

important since the base material used to a considerable

used and the expected costs of the board or module to be

fabricated. Consequently, the choice of the correct base

[003] In the case of domestic appliances equipped with

printed circuit boards, such as washing machines,

extent determines the electrical, mechanical and high-

the choice of printed circuit board base material for

## IAP12 Rec'd PCT/PTO 2 3 AUG 2006

DESCRIPTION

to a method for producing one such module.

material is extremely important.

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both sides is not used for cost reasons because these would 29 necessitate relatively expensive printed circuit boards with

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circuit boards have their field of application in mass

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applications with requirements for improved mechanical and 1 electrical properties, such as is the case in domestic 2 appliances. Those printed circuit boards are stampable but 3 are only through-connectable to a certain extent. The disadvantage of electronic modules disposed on a printed 5 circuit board coated on one side however is in particular the 6 limited scope for placement of the components forming the 7 module and the restricted scope for disentanglement of 8 connection possibilities. 9 10 [004] In this context, the term "disentanglement of a 11 connection possibility" means the property that an electronic 12 assembly for controlling an appliance is designed such that 13 certain functional areas of the assembly are arranged 14 spatially separately from one another as modules in order to 15 adapt the respective appliance as flexibly as possible to 16 changes with regard to design improvements or functionalities 17 of the appliance. In particular, in modern domestic 18 appliances design-influenced product criteria are being re-19 evaluated and increasingly taken into account in the 20 configuration. The further development of such an appliance 21 in fact substantially only relates to the control panel, that 22 is the interface between the appliance and the user, where 23 the actual electronics of the appliance can usually remain 24 unchanged in principle. This is because the design of the 25 26 control panel is playing an increasingly important role in the design of domestic appliances since this is increasingly 27 being taken into account by the end customer in the decision 28 to purchase. It has been found that in appliances fitted with 29 printed circuit boards on which the relevant electronic 30 module is provided in a so-called interwoven state, i.e. 31 wherein the electronics are in a direct functional 32 relationship to the user interface, for example, when making 33 a modification to the control panel of the device it is 34

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1 frequently necessary to modify the electronics accordingly.

- 2 This naturally has undesirable additional costs as a
- 3 consequence.

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- 5 [005] A solution is known from DE 198 164 445 A1 where the
- 6 electronic modules of an electrical appliance are applied and
- 7 connected on respectively one circuit carrier coated on one
- 8 side, wherein after loading the respective circuit carriers,
- 9 the respectively unloaded surfaces of the individual circuit
- 10 carriers are placed one upon the other and suitably fixed
- 11 mechanically. The disadvantage of this method for producing
- 12 such a module known from the prior art is that the
- mechanically connected and superimposed single boards are
- 14 ultimately too thick and moreover, the method is relatively
- 15 cost-intensive.

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- [006] It is technical object of the present invention to
- 18 provide an electronic module of the type specified initially
- 19 and a corresponding method for producing such a module
- 20 wherein it is possible to disentangle connection
- 21 possibilities of the corresponding modules.

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- 23 [007] This object is achieved in an electronic module of the
- 24 type specified initially, whereby the first group of
- 25 electronic components for forming the user interface or the
- user interface module is applied and connected on a first
- 27 side of the circuit carrier and the second group of
- 28 electronic components for forming the computing and control
- 29 module is applied and connected on a second side of the
- 30 circuit carrier opposite to the first side.

- 32 [008] The technical problem forming the basis of the present
- invention is further achieved by a method for producing the
- 34 module according to the invention by the following process

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steps according to the invention: loading the first side of the circuit carrier with a first group of electronic

3 components for forming a user interface of the module;

4 loading the second side of the circuit carrier with a second

5 group of electronic components for forming a computing and

6 control module; and setting up signal transmission and/or

7 power supply connections between the first side and the

8 second side.

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[009] The advantages of the invention in particular are that as a result of the electronic components for forming the user

interface being disentangled from the electronic components

13 for forming the computing and control module, the respective

14 component groups or modules can be developed and adapted

15 completely separately from one another. In particular, in

16 domestic appliances, for example, a new design proposal for

17 the user interface or control panel of the appliances can be

implemented particularly cost-effectively and simply

19 completely separately from the switching electronics.

20 Consequently, existing electronics can be used for a further

21 development of the appliance.

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[010] The advantages of using a circuit carrier coated on

24 both sides or the advantages of loading the circuit carrier

on both sides are moreover appreciable since this provides

the possibility of accommodating the same electronic circuit

on a substantially smaller module than is the case with a

28 circuit carrier coated on both sides. Preferably used as

29 possible circuit carrier base materials are CEM-1, CEM-3 or

FR-4 material. As has already been indicated, these materials

31 are distinguished by improved mechanical and electrical

32 properties. FR-4 base material is further designed for higher

33 temperatures and additionally exhibits increased resistance

34 to tracking. Said materials are standard materials and known

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from printed circuit board technology. Naturally, however, 1 other base materials can also be provided for printed circuit 2 boards or circuit carriers. 3 4 [011] The method according to the invention provides a 5 possibility for a very effective method for producing the 6 electronic module according to the invention, which is simple 7 to achieve, for optimising the disentanglement of the 8 individual component groups. In particular, it is provided to 9 connect the first side of the circuit carrier loaded with the 10 first group of electronic components to form the user 11 interface to the second group of electronic components loaded 12 on the second side of the circuit carried to form the 13 computing and control module by means of signal transmission 14 and/or power supply connections. It is thereby possible that 15 the first group of electronic components can be developed and 16 adapted completely separately from the second group of 17 electronic components. It is furthermore feasible, possibly 18 to achieve a new design proposal for the control panel of a 19 domestic appliance, to use existing electronics where it is 20 merely necessary to adapt the first group of electronic components in accordance with the desired modifications of 22 the new design proposal whilst the second group of electronic 23 components remains completely unchanged. By setting up the 24 signal transmission and/or power supply connections between 25 the first side and the second side of the circuit carrier so 26 that they are suitably matched, it is thus possible to 27 implement the new design proposals for the control panel 28 particularly cost-effectively and simply. 29 30 [012] Preferred further developments of the invention are 31 specified with regard to the electronic module in dependent 32 claims 2 to 9 and with regard to the production method in 33 dependent claims 11 to 13. 34

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1 [013] Thus, it is preferably provided for the electronic 2 module that the circuit carrier is free from throughconnection points, in particular STH through-connection 4 points (STH = Silver Through Hole), wherein at least one 5 signal transmission device is provided for two-way 6 transmission of control signals between the first group of 7 electronic components on the first side of the circuit 8 carrier and the second group of electronic components on the 9 second side of the circuit carrier and/or for supplying the 10 first side with electrical power via the second side or 11 conversely. As a result of this further development of the 12 electronic module, in particular a simple separation can be 13 made between cover design and function on a printed circuit 14 board. The term "cover design" includes all the control and 15 display elements forming the variant on the front side of the 16 circuit carrier whilst the term "function" is to be 17 understood as the variant-independent function on the back of 18 the circuit carrier. 19 20 [014] In a particularly preferred further development of the 21 22 last-mention embodiment of the electronic module according to the invention, it is provided that the signal transmission 23 device comprises at least one plug-in element which is 24 plugged at an edge region of the circuit carrier via opposite 25 plug-in regions formed on the first and the second side of 26 the circuit carrier and conjugate with one another. In order 27 to supply signals from the first group of electronic 28 components from the first circuit carrier side, also called 29 "cover side" since it points towards the control panel of the 30 appliance, to the second group of electronic component in the 31 second circuit carrier sides, also called "appliance side", 32

the signals on the cover side are fed to an edge region and

are brought to the cover side by means of a plug-in element,

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such as by means of an edge card connector. In this case, it 1 is provided that the master microcontroller of the appliance 2 is located on the appliance side, i.e. on the circuit carrier 3 side pointing towards the interior of the appliance. In the 4 arrangement or design of the respective plug-in regions of 5 the circuit carrier, it is further feasible to provide a 6 step-shaped offset recess at the respective edge regions of 7 the circuit carrier. In this case, the plug-in elements can 8 be adapted to the respective width of the recess so that the 9 plug-in element can be secured against lateral displacement. 10 It is furthermore feasible to execute the plug-in region at 11 the edge region of the circuit carrier so that this can also 12 be used in parallel for connecting other electronic modules 13 per plug-in element or edge card connector with connected 14 leads. It is thus possible to use the plug-in regions not 15 only as interfaces between the first and the second side of 16 the circuit carrier but also as interfaces of the entire 17 circuit carrier to other circuit carriers. Naturally, other 18 embodiments are also feasible here. 19

20

[015] In a particularly preferred realisation of the 21 22 electronic module it is provided that the signal transmission device comprises at least one conductor element, in 23 particular a cable jumper, which electrically connects a 24 first contact region on the first side of the circuit carrier 25 to a second contact region on the second side of the circuit 26 carrier. A signal transmission device of this type in the 27 form of a conductor element can be used for example for 28 supplying power to the respective component groups on the 29 first or second side since the conductor element can be 30 designed to be adapted to the corresponding conditions such 31 as dielectric strength etc. in a manner which is easy to 32 achieve. In this case, it is feasible for example that the 33 second side of the circuit carrier is connected to a power 34

- 8 supply via a plug-in element and is in turn connected to the 1 first side of the circuit carrier via a plug-in element in 2 order to ensure that power is supplied to the component 3 groups or modules loaded on both sides. 4 5 [016] It is particularly advantageous that the signal 6 transmission device comprises at least one through-connection 7 element which runs through a through-hole in the circuit 8 carrier and electrically connects a first contact region on 9 the first side of the circuit carrier to a second contact 10 region on the second side of the circuit carrier. In this 11 case, it is feasible that that through-hole in the circuit 12 carrier is incorporated by stamping, drilling, laser drilling 13 or by milling. With this particularly preferred realisation 14 15

of the electronic module according to the invention, although the printed circuit board base material is known to be free 16 from plated-through holes in advance for cost reasons, the 17 known advantages from printed circuit board technology with 18 regard to through-connection elements such as STH plated-19 through holes can still be achieved by individually replacing 20

the missing through-connection points by through-connection

elements. This is an especially cost-effective possibility 22

for achieving advantageous plated-through holes. 23

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[017] It is particularly advantageously provided that the through-connection element is a plug-in element especially 26 formed of sheet metal, which comprises a plane contact 27 surface and a pin region, which is spring-connected to the 28 contact surface by means of a spring section, wherein the 29 contact surface abuts flush against the contact region of the 30 circuit carrier, and wherein the pin region runs through the 31 through hole when the plug-in element is inserted in the 32 through hole as a through-connection element. The plane 33 contact surface of the plug-in element is particularly 34

1 preferably designed such that this can be brought into

2 contact with the corresponding contact region of the circuit

3 carrier in a manner which is particularly easy to achieve.

4 The spring section which connects the contact surface to the

5 pin region is used, among other things, to fix the plug-in

6 element securely in the through hole before the element is

7 fixedly connected and brought into contact with the

8 corresponding regions of the circuit carrier by soldering for

9 example. Naturally, other embodiments and configurations of

10 the plug-in element are also feasible here. Thus, it is

11 possible to construct the plug-in element from a material

12 that is individually matched to the corresponding

13 requirements. For example, it would be feasible to use an

14 electrically conductive polymer as the base material for the

15 plug-in element for example.

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17 [018] In order that SMD components (SMD = Surface Mounted

Device) can be used on both sides and wired or THD components

19 (THD = Through Hole Device) can be used on one side of the

20 circuit carrier, the first group of electronic components are

21 components mounted on an SMD region of the first side of the

22 circuit carrier by means of SMD technology whereas the second

group of electronic components are components mounted on an

24 SMD region of the second side of the circuit carrier by means

of SMD technology and also components mounted in a THD region

of the second side of the circuit carrier by means of THD

technology. In this case, it is provided that the THD region

of the second side is different from the SMD region of the

second side and the SMD region of the second side is a region

30 corresponding to and opposite to the SMD region of the first

31 side.

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33 [019] However, it would also be feasible here that the first

34 group of electronic components are components mounted on an

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1 SMD region of the first side of the circuit carrier by means

- of SMD technology as well as components mounted on a THD
- 3 region of the first side of the circuit carrier by means of
- 4 THD technology, whereas the second group of electronic
- 5 components are components mounted on an SMD region of the
- 6 second side of the circuit carrier by means of SMD
- 7 technology. In this case, it is provided that the THD region
- 8 of the first side is different from the SMD region of the
- 9 first side and the SMD region of the second side is a region
- 10 corresponding to and opposite to the SMD region of the first
- 11 side.

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- 13 [020] The corresponding soldering techniques in electronics
- 14 production, especially THD technology for through-hole
- mounted components and SMD technology for surface-mounted
- 16 components are known from the prior art and will not be
- 17 explained in detail here.

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- 19 [021] As an advantageous further development of the
- 20 production method according to the invention, it is provided
- in the process step of setting up signal transmission and/or
- 22 power supply connections between the first side and the
- 23 second side of the circuit carrier, that plug-in regions are
- formed which extend on an edge region in an opposed and
- 25 mutually conjugate manner on the first side and the second
- side of the circuit carrier and plug-in elements are then
- 27 plugged onto the oppositely constructed and mutually
- 28 conjugate plug-in regions.

- 30 [022] Especially preferably for setting up signal
- 31 transmission connections, at least one contact region is
- 32 formed on the first side of the circuit carrier and at least
- one contact region is formed on the second side of the

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circuit carrier, which are then connected by means of a
 1
    conductor element, such as a cable jumper for example.
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    [023] With regard to another particularly preferred
    embodiment of the method according to the invention, it is
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    further provided to form at least one through hole in the
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    circuit carrier, at least one contact region on the first
 7
    side of the circuit carrier and at least one second contact
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    region on the second side of the circuit carrier and to then
 9
    insert a through-connection element into the at least one
10
    through hole to electrically connect the at least one first
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    contact region to the at least one second contact region.
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    [024] Further advantages and functionalities of the invention
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    will become clear from the following description of the
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    preferred embodiments with reference to the figures.
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    [025] In the figures:
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    [026] Fig. 1 shows the cover side of a first preferred
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    embodiment of the electronic module according to the
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    invention;
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    [027] Fig. 2 shows the appliance side of the electronic
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    module according to the invention according to the first
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    embodiment, pertaining to the cover side shown in Fig. 1;
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    [028] Fig. 3 shows the cover side of another preferred
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    embodiment of the electronic module according to the
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    invention;
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    [029] Fig. 4 shows the appliance side pertaining to the cover
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    side of the embodiment of the electronic module according to
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    the invention shown in Fig. 3;
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1 [030] Fig. 5 is a schematic diagram of another embodiment of 2 the electronic module according to the invention when installed; 4 5 [031] Fig. 6 is a three-dimensional diagram of an embodiment 6 of the through-connection element according to the invention. 7 8 [032] Figure 1 shows the cover side 5 of a preferred 9 embodiment of the electronic module 1. The embodiment shown 10 here is a first variant of the module 1 where SMD components 11 2 are located on an SMD region 19 and the flow solder region 12 20 of the THD components 4' inserted on the appliance side 7 13 is located on the cover side 5. 14 15 [033] Figure 2 shows the appliance side of the electronic 16 module 1 according to the invention according to the first 17 embodiment, pertaining to the cover side shown in Fig. 1. 18 Both SMD components 4 and THD components 4' are located on 19 the appliance side, the THD components 4' being located in a 20 THD region 20' of the appliance side 7 which is exactly 22 opposite to the flow solder region 20 of the cover side 5. The SMD components 4 can be arranged on the appliance side 7 23 both on the THD region 20' and on the SMD region 19'. The SMD 24 region 19' of the appliance side 7 is exactly opposite to the 25 SMD region 19 of the cover side 5. 26 27 [034] With reference to Fig. 1, a first group of electronic 28 components 2 are mounted on the cover side 5 of the 29 electronic module 1 in the SMD region 19 to form a user 30 interface. This first group of electronic components 2 is 31 made up, for example, of switches, push buttons, 32 potentiometers, display elements, seven-segment display 33

elements, light-emitting diodes and similar electronic

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1 components. These electronic components are all SMD

2 components, i.e., components mounted on the surface 5 of the

3 board using SMD technology known from the prior art. SMD

4 technology usually comprises the process steps of dispensing,

5 mounting and then connecting the components 2. These steps

6 are known from the prior art and will not be explained in

7 detail here.

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9 [035] As shown in Fig.1, a microcontroller 27 is furthermore

optionally arranged on the cover side 5 in the SMD region 19

of the module 1, this being provided to control or trigger

12 the electronic components 2 of the first group likewise

13 arranged on the cover side 5 for forming the user interface.

14 In this connection, that microcontroller 27 should likewise

15 be considered to be a component 2 of the first group since it

16 primarily serves to form the user interface of the electronic

module 1.

18 [036] According to Fig. 2, both SMD components 4 and THD

19 components 4' are provided on the appliance side 7. The SMD

20 components 4 are located on the SMD region 19' which is

21 positioned exactly opposite to the SMD region 19 of the cover

side 5. Similarly, the THD components 4' or the wired

components 4' are arranged on the appliance side 7 in the

region 20' which corresponds to and lies opposite to the SMD

region 20 of the cover side 5. The components 4, 4' arranged

on the appliance side 7 belong to a second group of

27 electronic components which serve to form a computing and

28 control module of the electronic module 1. Those electronic

29 components 4, 4' of the second group are composed of the

30 master microcontroller 28 and the relevant circuits or chips.

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32 [037] In the electronic module 1 according to the first

embodiment, CEM-1, CEM-3 or SR-4 material is used as the base

34 material of the circuit carrier. These materials are

distinguished by improved mechanical and electrical 1 properties. It is provided that the base materials are coated 2 on both sides. In order to reduce the production costs of the 3 electronic module 1, previously inserted through-connection 4 points, especially STH through-connection points are 5 intentionally not used in the printed circuit board base 6 materials. Instead, signal transmission devices 6 are 7 provided for two-way transmission of control signals between 8 the components 2 of the cover side 5 and the components 4, 4' of the appliance side 7. These signal transmission devices 6 10 are further used to supply electrical power to the electronic 11 components of the cover side 5 via the appliance side 7 or 12 conversely. 13 14 [038] According to a first preferred embodiment of the 15 electronic module 1 according to the invention shown in 16 Figures 1 and 2, plug-in elements 8 and through-connection 17 elements 10 are provided as signal transmission devices 6. 18 The plug-in elements 8 are applied to the respective edge 19 regions 11 of the circuit carrier 3. For this purpose, so-20 called plug-in regions 12 are formed at the respective 21 positions of the edge region 11 of the circuit carrier 3. 22 These plug-in elements 8 thus electrically connect the 23 opposite, mutually conjugate plug-in regions 12 formed on the 24 cover and the appliance side 5, 7. The plug-in regions 12 25 26 themselves are electrically connected via conductor tracks (not shown) to the respective components 2, 4, 4'; it is also 27 feasible however, that the plug-in regions 12 are at least 28 partly connected to the respective connections of the 29 components 2, 4, 4' by means of bonding wires or other wires. 30 31 [039] In the first preferred embodiment of the electronic 32 module 1 according to the invention, through-connection 33 elements 10 are also provided as further signal transmission 34

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devices 6, each running through a first through hole 15 in 1 the circuit carrier 3 and electrically connecting a first 2 contact region 14 on the cover side 5 of the circuit carrier 3 3 to a second contact region 14' on the appliance side 7 of 4 the circuit carrier 3. At the same time, it is provided that 5 the respective through holes 15 are incorporated in the 6 circuit carrier 3 by stamping, drilling, laser drilling or by 7 milling. It can also be seen in Fig. 1 that the first contact 8 region 14 of the through-connection elements 10 falls in the flow region 20 of the cover side 5. The through-connection 10 element 10 can thus be considered to be a THD component 4' . 11 which is fixed and suitably connected by means of flow 12 soldering, for example. 13 14 [040] The first embodiment of the electronic module 1 15 according to the invention is distinguished in that only 16 those electronic components 2 used to form the user interface 17 of the module 1 are arranged on the cover side 5 whereas the 18 components 4, 4' for forming the computing and control module 19 of the module 1 are provided on the appliance side 7. As a 20 result, the electronic components 4, 4' are completely 21 disentangled. As a result of the arrangement of the 22 components 2, 4, 4' according to the first embodiment of the 23 present invention, only the layout of the cover side 5 needs 24 to be changed in the event of design changes or changes to 25 26 the user interface. On the other hand, the layout of the appliance side 7 can remain unchanged which reduces the costs 27 and the time expenditure incurred in connection with the 28 change of design. 29 30 [041] Fig. 3 shows the cover side 5 of a second preferred 31 embodiment of the electronic module 1 according to the 32

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invention.

[042] Fig. 4 shows the appliance side 7 pertaining to the 1 cover side 5 of the electronic module 1 of the second 2 embodiment according to the invention shown in Fig. 3. 3 4 [043] The second preferred embodiment is distinguished from 5 the first preferred embodiment according to Figures 1 and 2 6 in that both SMD components 2 and also wired or THD 7 components 2' are now located on the cover side. Thus, SMD 8 components (not shown) and the flow solder region 20' of the 9 wired components 2' of the cover side 5 are located on the 10 corresponding appliance side 7. 11 12 [044] By analogy with the first preferred embodiment of the 13 electronic module 1, the components 2, 2' used to configure 14 the cover design are arranged exclusively on the cover side 5 15 whereas the components 4 used to configure the computing and 16 control module are provided on the appliance side 7. For cost 17 reasons the electronic module 1 according to the second 18 embodiment is composed of a circuit carrier 3 coated on both 19 sides with an electrically conductive material, the circuit 20 carrier 3 being free from through-connection points, especially STH through-connection points. By analogy with the 22 first embodiment, the lacking through-connection points are 23 replaced by means of signal transmission devices 6 in the 24 form of plug-in element 8 and mutually conjugate plug-in 25 regions 12. 26 27 [045] A difference of the second preferred embodiment with 28 regard to the first preferred embodiment is further to be 29 seen in that signal transmission devices 6 in the form of 30 through-connection elements 10 are intentionally not used 31 here, and instead conductor elements 9 such as cable jumpers 32 are provided, which electrically connect a first contact

region 13 on the cover side 5 of the circuit carrier 1 to a

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second contact region 13' on the second side 7 of the circuit 1 carrier 1. A conductor element 29 used to supply power to the 2 electronic module is further provided on the appliance side 3 7. 4 5 [046] A microcontroller 27 is also optionally provided on the 6 cover side 5 of the second embodiment, this being used to 7 trigger or to control the components 2, 2' provided on the 8 cover side 5 to form the user interface and is also 9 considered as component 2, 2' belonging to the first group. 10 11 [047] Figure 5 is a schematic diagram of another embodiment 12 of the electronic module 1 according to the invention when 13 installed. In the embodiment shown the view shows the cover 14 side 5 of the electronic module 1. The electronic module 1 is 15 embodied by analogy with the first preferred embodiment of 16 Figures 1 and 2, i.e. SMD components 2 and the flow solder 17 region 20 of the wired or THG components 4' arranged on the 18 appliance side 7 are located on the cover side 5. As shown, 19 the electronic module 1 communicates via a plug-in element 8 20 embodied as an edge connector with a drive module 21 which is 21 in turn connected to a sensor module 22 and an actuator 22 module 23. Communication between the module 1 and the drive 23 module 21 is made via a D bus 24 which is arranged on the 24 edge connector or the plug-in element 8 on the electronic 25 module 1. 26 27 [048] An SPI D bus 25 connected to a display 26 is connected 28 via a conductor element 9 on the cover side 5 of the 29 electronic module 1. A power supply to the module 1 is also 30 provided via a conductor element 9 which is arranged however 31 in the flow solder region 20 of the cover side 5. It is 32 optionally feasible to connect, for example, an external 33

program selector module with light design to the electronic

module 1 via one or more busses 24, 25, contact being made on 1 the flow solder region 20 of the cover side 5 via conductor 2 elements 9. An additional power supply for supplying power to the electronic module 1 can further be provided if required. [049] Figure 6 is a three-dimensional view of an embodiment 5 of the through-connection element 10 according to the 6 invention. In the inserted state, the through-connection 7 element 10 runs through a through hole 15 in the circuit 8 carrier and connects a first contact region 14 on one side 5, 9 7 of the circuit carrier 3 to a second contact region 14' on 10 the second side of the circuit carrier 7, 5. In this case, 11 for example, it is feasible that on the upper side of the 12 through-connection element 10 corresponding to the contact 13 surface 16, contact with the through-connection element 10 is 14 made by reflow soldering whereas the underside or the pin 15 region 17 of the through-connection element 10 is fixed by 16 means of flow soldering or electrically connected to the 17 respective contact regions 14, 14'. 18 19 [050] The through-connection element 10 is a plug-in element 20 especially made of sheet metal, comprising a flat contact 21 surface 16 and a pin region 17 which is spring-connected to 22 the contact surface 16 by means of a spring section 18, the 23 contact surface 16 abutting flush on the contact region 14, 24 14' of the circuit carrier 3 and the pin region 17 running 25 through the through-hole 15 when the through-connection 26 element 10 is inserted in the through hole 15. 27 28 [051] The advantages of the electric module 1 according to 29 the invention according to the preferred embodiments 30 described above compared with known solutions are in 31 particular the decoupling of design and function by the 32 skilful arrangement of the components 2, 2', 4, 4' on 33 respectively one side of a printed circuit board 5, 7, costs 34

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1 savings by eliminating a separate control module which
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- 2 contains the components relevant to the design solutions so
- 3 far and savings in space by eliminating the separate control
- 4 module.

- 6 [052] Reference list
- 7 [053] 1 Electronic module
- 8 [054] 2 Electronic components of the first group (SMD
- 9 components)
- 10 [055] 2' Electronic components of the first group (THD
- 11 components)
- 12 [056] 3 Circuit carrier
- 13 [057] 4 Electronic components of the second group (SMD
- 14 components)
- 15 [058] 4' Electronic components of the second group (THD
- 16 components)
- 17 [059] 5 First side or cover side
- 18 [060] 6 Signal transmission device
- 19 [061] 7 Second side or appliance side
- 20 [062] 8 Plug-in element
- 21 [063] 9 Lateral element, conductor element
- [064] 10 Through-connection element
- 23 [065] 11 Edge region
- 24 [066] 12 Plug-in region
- 25 [067] 13, 13' Contact region
- 26 [068] 14, 14' Contact region
- 27 [069] 15 Through hole
- 28 [070] 16 Contact surface
- 29 [071] 17 Pin region
- 30 [072] 18 Spring section
- 31 [073] 19, 19' SMD region of first/second side
- 32 [074] 20, 20' THD region of first/second side
- 33 [075] 21 Drive module
- 34 [076] 22 Sensor module

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1	[077]	23	Actuator module
2	[078]	24	D bus
3	[079]	25	SPI-G bus
4	[080]	26	Display
5	[081]	27	Microcontroller
6	[082]	28	Master controller
7	[083]	29	Conductor element for power supply
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